

**Physics: Kinematics in Two-Dimensions**  
**Class Examples**

**Sections Covered**

- Chapter 3, Sections 4-6; pages 33 - 39

**Topics Covered**

- Motion in two dimensions (x and y)
- Projectile Motion
  - 1/2 Projectile
  - Full projectile

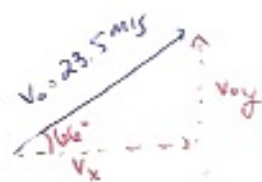
**Full Projectile**



**Example 1:**

A football is kicked with an initial velocity ( $v_0$ ) of 23.5 m/s at an angle of  $66.0^\circ$  above the horizontal. Find the following:

- The maximum height
- The hang time or time of flight
- The range
- At the moment of impact, the velocity in the x-direction, velocity in the y-direction, the magnitude of the final velocity, and the angle of impact.



$$v_x = \cos(66.0^\circ) \cdot 23.5$$

$$v_x = 9.56 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_{y0} = \sin(66.0^\circ) \cdot 23.5$$

$$v_{y0} = 21.5 \text{ m/s}$$

<u>x</u>	<u>y</u>
$x = 42.0 \text{ m}$	$y = 0 \text{ m}$ (start and end)
$v_x = 9.56 \text{ m/s}$	$y_{\text{max}} = 23.6 \text{ m}$
$t = 4.39 \text{ s}$ (to the end)	$v_{y0} = 21.5 \text{ m/s}$
	$v_y = -9.8 \text{ m/s}$
	$a_y = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$
	$t = 4.39 \text{ s}$ (to the end)

A) Max Height - the y-velocity

$y_{\text{max}} = ?$

$v_{y0} = 21.5 \text{ m/s}$

$v_y = 0 \text{ m/s}$

$a_y = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

will be 0 m/s at this point

$$v_y^2 = v_{y0}^2 + 2a_y \cdot y_{\text{max}}$$

$$(0)^2 = (21.5)^2 + 2(-9.8)y_{\text{max}}$$

$$0 = 462.25 - 19.6 \cdot y_{\text{max}}$$

$$-462.25 = -19.6 \cdot y_{\text{max}}$$

$y_{\text{max}} = 23.6 \text{ m}$

B) Hang time - time when the ball is back to a position of  $y = 0 \text{ m}$

$t = ?$

$y = 0 \text{ m}$

$v_{y0} = 21.5 \text{ m/s}$

$a_y = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

$$y = v_{y0}t + \frac{1}{2}a_y t^2$$

$$0 = 21.5 \cdot t + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8)t^2$$

$$0 = 21.5 \cdot t - 4.9 t^2$$

$$0 = (21.5 - 4.9t) t$$

two solutions - set both = 0

$t = 0 \text{ s}$

$$21.5 - 4.9t = 0$$

$$-4.9t = -21.5$$

$$t = \frac{-21.5}{-4.9}$$

$t = 4.39 \text{ s}$

C.) Range

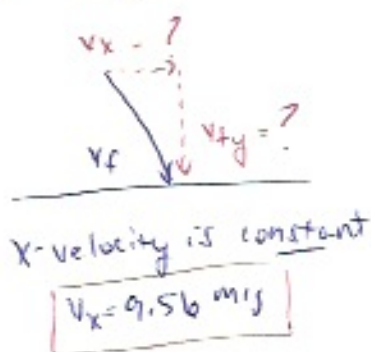
$$x = v_x \cdot t$$

$$x = (9.56)(4.39)$$

$x = 42.0 \text{ m}$

Example #1 → part D

Final Velocity



y-velocity changes

$$v_{fy} = ?$$

$$v_{oy} = 21.5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a_y = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$t = 4.39 \text{ s}$$

$$v_{fy} = v_{oy} + a_y t$$

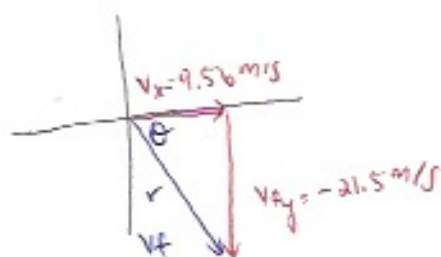
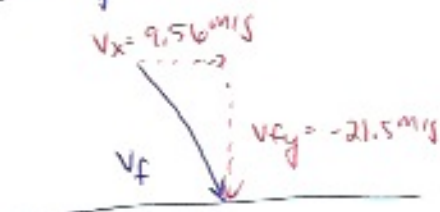
$$v_{fy} = 21.5 + (-9.8)(4.39)$$

$$v_{fy} = 21.5 + (-43.0)$$

$$v_{fy} = -21.5 \text{ m/s}$$

Rectangular Coordinates of the final velocity (9.56, -21.5)

turn into polar (magnitude, angle)



$$r^2 = (9.56)^2 + (-21.5)^2$$

$$r^2 = 91.3936 + 462.25$$

$$r^2 = 553.644$$

$$r = \sqrt{553.644}$$

$$r = 23.5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{-21.5}{9.56}\right)$$

$$\theta = -66.0^\circ$$

Initial Velocity  
23.5 m/s at  $66.0^\circ$

Final Velocity  
23.5 m/s at  $-66.0^\circ$

\*Symmetry