

## Honors Physics: Electrostatics

### Coulomb's Law - Additional Example

Four charges are located at the corners of a square, each with sides measuring 0.100 m in length. The corners are all at right angles with each other. Our goal is to find the net force exerted on  $q_2$ .

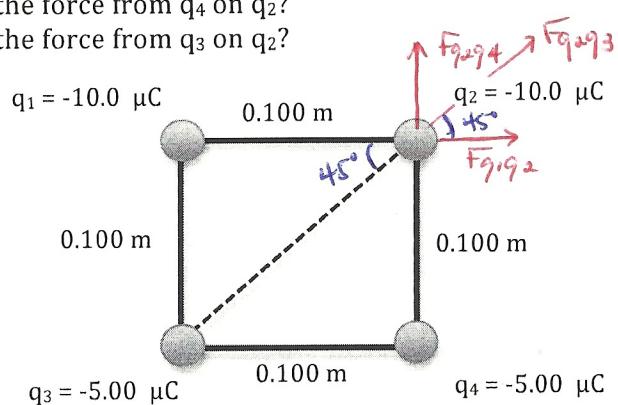
- What is the direction and magnitude of the force from  $q_1$  on  $q_2$ ?
- What is the direction and magnitude of the force from  $q_4$  on  $q_2$ ?
- What is the direction and magnitude of the force from  $q_3$  on  $q_2$ ?
- What is the  $\Sigma F_x$  and  $\Sigma F_y$  on  $q_2$ ?
- What is the net force felt by  $q_2$ ?

$$A) F_{q_1 q_2} = \frac{(8.99 \times 10^9) \cdot |-10.0 \times 10^{-6}| \cdot |-10.0 \times 10^{-6}|}{(0.100)^2}$$

$$F_{q_1 q_2} = \boxed{89.9 \text{ N} \text{ directly to the right}}$$

$$B) F_{q_2 q_4} = \frac{(8.99 \times 10^9) \cdot |-10.0 \times 10^{-6}| \cdot |-5.00 \times 10^{-6}|}{(0.100)^2}$$

$$F_{q_2 q_4} = \boxed{44.95 \text{ N} \text{ directly upwards}}$$



\* distance from  $q_3$  to  $q_2$

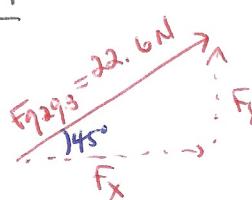
$$r^2 = (0.100)^2 + (0.100)^2$$

$$r^2 = 0.02$$

$$r = 0.141 \text{ m}$$

$$C) F_{q_3 q_2} = \frac{(8.99 \times 10^9) \cdot |-5.00 \times 10^{-6}| \cdot |-10.0 \times 10^{-6}|}{(0.141)^2}$$

$$F_{q_3 q_2} = \boxed{22.6 \text{ N} \rightarrow (16.0, 16.0) \text{ Upwards by } 45^\circ}$$



$$F_x = \cos(45^\circ) \cdot 22.6$$

$$\boxed{F_x = 16.0 \text{ N}}$$

$$F_y = \sin(45^\circ) \cdot 22.6$$

$$\boxed{F_y = 16.0 \text{ N}}$$

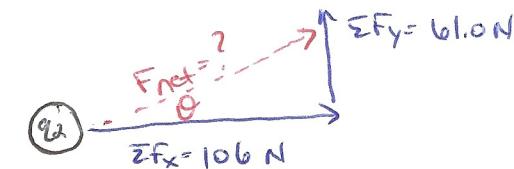
$$D) \Sigma F_x = 89.9 + 16.0$$

$$\boxed{\Sigma F_x = 106 \text{ N}}$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 44.95 + 16.0$$

$$\boxed{\Sigma F_y = 61.0 \text{ N}}$$

E)



$$F_{\text{net}} = \sqrt{(106)^2 + (61)^2}$$

$$\boxed{F_{\text{net}} = 122 \text{ N}}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{61.0}{106} \right)$$

$$\boxed{\theta = 29.9^\circ}$$